Research... EBP... QI...

Research	-Purpose to generate new knowledge & inform practice across multiple settings -Most rigorous; highest level of evidence -Takes time; requires IRB approval
EBP	-Purpose to guide practice within a specific setting with a specific population based upon current best [research] evidence, clinical expertise, & patient preferences -Moderate level of rigor -Takes some time, but less than for research
QI	-Purpose to improve internal processes & practices in a specific setting with a specific population -Least rigorous (but not sloppy!) -Change can be implemented quickly

Research... EBP... QI...

Research	"Systematic inquiry that uses disciplined methods to answer questions or solve problemsto develop and expand knowledge." (Polit & Beck, 2017, 3)
EBP	"A problem-solving approach to clinical decision making within a health care organization that integrates the best available scientific evidence with the best available experiential (patient and practitioner) evidence." (Newhouse et al., 2005, 3-4)
QI	"Systematic efforts to improve practices and processes within a specific organization or patient group" (Polit & Beck, 2017, 741).

Research... EBP... QI...

Research	Will a nurse-intensive counseling session prior to discharge plus standard teaching versus standard teaching alone improve smoking cessation attempts for patients with heart failure? Randomized-control trial with IRB review and informed consent required.
EBP	"For adult patients admitted with heart failure, what is the best education strategy for an improved smoking cessation attempt?" (Dearholt & Dang, 2012, 151). PICO question guides structured literature search followed by critical appraisal, synthesis, evidence-based recommendation(s) for practice change.
QI	Audit of compliance with smoking cessation education policy shows unit 6B is only 40% compliant. Using the PDSA model, 6B RNs implement a suggestion from 7A with 98% compliance.